THE 9 CENT SALE IS IN FULL BL

Remember the sale continues until Saturday Evening, June 23rd. New goods are arriving continually, and it will be to your interest to attend this sale daily.

We have increased our sales force and will be able to serve you promptly and satisfactorily.

Special for Monday

Tuesday Morning, Ladies' Trimmed Hats.

Wednesday Morning, gc yd.

Monday Morning from 9 oclock until 9 minutes after 9, we sell Ladies,' Misses' and Children's Shoes for 9c. Limit one pair to a customer.

The Topeka Cash Dry Goods Co., KANSAS AVE

Prominent Republicans Think He Will Be Nominated.

Especially Strong With Kansans Because They Know Him.

ANTI TRUST TALK.

All Think Convention Should Go on Record.

Platform Should Be Pronounced Against Trusts.

Who will satisfy Kansansbest for vice esident on the Republican ticket and Do you consider it wise for the Republican party to go on record against trusts? were questions put to several prominent Republicans this morning and the universal answer was that Dolliver was the Kansans' choice for the vice president's chair.

They differed somewhat on the trust mestion when it came to detail but all careed that the party should declare Senator John T. Chaney said: "I be-ve that Kansas has but one choice r vice president and that is Dolliver,

J. O. GILCHRIST. W. A. GILCHRIST

GILCHRIST BROS.

RUBBER-TIRED RIGS,

DOUBLE OR SINGLE.

Telephone 46. 706 Jackson St.

Why suffer the pangs of rheumatism

KOHL'S RHEUMATIC CURE

gives quick relief and permanent cure.

All Druggists.



Best Dining Car Service. Daly Depot in Chicago on the Elevated Loop

He is a western man and is well known and Eked in Kansas. During the time that he was sent here by the national committee to make speeches he made many friends and proved himself to be a strong reasoner and an orator. Of course, we had all read of him before but his coming to the state made us all take more interest in him.

"The trust question is one that we do not know all about and it is hard to tell exactly how far the party will go in regard to it but it certainly will adopt a plank declaring against trusts and no matter how far they go with ft the Democratic party will go still further."

the Democratic party will go still further."

H. C. Safford did not hesitate an instant before replying. He said: "Dolliver is the man for us and the party should not only go on record as being against trusts but it should do something and do it hard. It is the proper thing to do and I believe they will do it."

A. W. Dana said: "Roosevelt is a very popular man in the west and particularly so in Kansas. He made many friends on his trip through the state by his speeches and he seems to have the western spirit. As he is not a candidate I think the majority of Kansans favor Mr. Bolliver who has spoken here several times both for the lecture bureau and on the stump. He made several times both for the lecture burean and on the stump. He made many personal friends here and of course a personal acquaintance cuts a great figure in politics. He is a power and it would be difficult to make a bet-

and it would be difficult to make a better choice.

"In regard to the trusts I believe that something should be done but I do not think that they should be exterminated. A wise and reasonable contpol of the trusts is the popular thing and it must be done. I do not think the party should go to extremes in the matter and I do not believe it will. I believe that the Republicans can elect their ticket this fall even if they do not mention trusts in their platform, but it would be due to the great popularity of McKinley and the successful management of the administration. However, I believe it would mean defeat four years later."

T. F. Doran said: "It seems to me that Mr. Dolliver is the man the Kansans want for vice president. In fact, I do not remember having heard much talk of anyone else. He is a strong, of anyone else. He is a strong, man, and is from the west and that

should be sufficient to give him the support of the Kansans. support of the Kansans.

"In regard to the trusts, I believe that the party should take a stand against them although I do not believe in radical action in the matter. Consldering the clamor against trusts it is the wise thing to go on record as against them."

TURNERS LEAVE.

Topeka Men Go to Philadelphia to Compete For Prizes.

The Topeka Turn Verein class leaves this evening at 5 o'clock in a special car over the Santa Fe. They go to attend the national Turnfest to be held in

can over the Santa Fe. They go to acted the national Turnfest to be held in Philadelphia from June 19 to 26.

The car is gally decorated with streamers and signs in colors running the whole length of the car on each side reading, "Topeka Turn Verein."

The party will first go to Chicago. A stop of only a few hours will be made. The journey eastward will then be resumed over the Michigan Central. A stop of one day will be made at Niagara Falls. A short stop will also be made at Buffalo. From there they go direct to Philadelphia.

At the conclusion of the Turnfest the party will visit some of the large castern cities. Considerable time will be spent in the capital city, Washington. From there they will go to New York city. A visit will be made to the famous Coney Island. The return trip will be made directly home. The others will spend considerable time in seeing the city and making excursions on the lake to Milwaukeo.

The Turnfest at Philadelphia promises

waukee.

The Turnfest at Philadelphia promises to be a large affair. Classes from 160 cities will be there. That means an attendance of about 5,000. The Topeka class will contest in the following events: Fast rope climbing, hop, step and a jump, an exercise on three long "horses" and the wand exercise.

and the wand exercise.

In the individual contests Topeka will be represented by Tom Miller. Phillip Lesser, Fred Klinge and Frank Gutsch. Lesser, Fred Klinge and Frank Gutsch.

The party expects to be away about one rionth. Following are the members of the class who are taking the trip:
Prof. Otto Wendelburg, Tony Beyers, Frank Gutsch, Harry Voegtle, Chas. Hoeland, Leo Kranss, Geo. Holtwick, Harry States, Otto Horaceck, Albert Checksfield, John Krauss, Thomas Miller, Milton Dwelly, Solon McGee, Geo. Fensky, Frank Wahl, Otto Becker, Albert Wahl, Harry Kletzmann, Bert Gilbert, Fred Roehrig, Will Renker, Wm. Wissmann, Fred Klinge, Phillip Lesser and Charles Marin.

K. AND L. OF S. OFFICERS. All Are Re-elected by the National Council

The Knights and Ladies of Security. The Knights and Ladles of Security, after working all afternoon and eventing on the proposed changes in laws, got to the election of officers late last night. All the old officers were elected. They are: President.W. B. Kirkpatrick, Topeka; vice president. John A. Dempster, Dmaha; secretary, J. M. Wallace, Topeka; prelate. Thos. Martin. Ealdwin; treasurer, W. M. Forbes, Topeka; Shawnes grovery.

conductor, Margaret Lutke, Portland, Oregon; medical director, Dr. H. A. Warner, Topeka; guard, Jennie Rundlett, Ellis, Kan.; members executive committee, W. J. Combs, Emporia and E. G. Minor, Topeka; trustees, J. S. Mackey, Columbus, O., and M. W. Whittemore, Chicago. Whittemore, Chicago,

J. M. Miller and the degree team of council No. 50 of this city installed the newly elected officers last night. LEGATIONS DESTROYED

[Continued from the First Page.]

out wheel or animal transportation the out wheel or animal transportation the relief column is in a bad way. The country will not afford either animals or vehicles and everything must be carried on the backs of the sailors or drawn by coolles. The regular troops with their quartermaster's department would be perfectly at home in such surroundings, and it is probable that this consideration will enter into the probable resolution of the administration to send troops to China.

BIG BILL OF DAMAGES

BIG BILL OF DAMAGES. Washington, June 18.—It is said that the operations of the boxers are rolling up a heavy bill of damages against the up a heavy bill of damages against the Chinese government and this will be made the subject of a strong demand for indemnity by the United States as soon as order is restored in China. It is held that under the terms of our treaty with China not only are American missionaries entitled to the protection of the Chinese government, but even their native converts. According to the doctrine that we have laid down in the case of Turkish missionary claims the Chinese government can be held responsible for outrages committed against American citizens, even in times of rioting, if the government troops, its agents, fall to respond to call or participate themselves in the rioting.

or participate themselves in the rioting.

This is said to be the case with the boxer disturbances. The particular treaty provision covering the cases of the American missionaries and their native convents is unique. It is contained in article 22 of the treaty of 1858, as follows:

"The practice of the Christian religion, as professed by the Protestant and Roman Catholic churches is recognized as teaching them to do good and do to others as they wished done to them. Hereafter those who quietly profess and teach these doctrines shall not be harassed or persecuted, on account of their faith. Any person, whether citizen of the United States or Chinese convert, who, according to those tenets, peaceably teaches and practices the principles of Christianity shall in no case be interfered with or molested.

TROOPS JOIN THE BOXERS. Shanghai, June 16.—According to information received here from foreign sources 10.000 impedial troops which were between Pekin and the international forces advancing on that city have disbanded and joined the boxers. It is asserted that the government of China does not consider tracks China does not consider itself respon-sible for any encounter which may take

SMITH HAS A PLATFORM.

Washington, June 16.—Shortly be-fore noon Postmaster General Smith arrived at the White House for a con-sultation with the president before leaving for Philadelphia. The draft of the platform prepared by him was submitted to Mr. McKiniey. The conference lasted almost three-guarters of an hour Mr. Smith left for Philadelphia at 12:45.

BOOM FOR ELKINS. It Is Started by Senator Scott of West Virginia.

Philadelphia, June 16.-"Don't you

think it about time to launch the Eikins vice presidential boom?" asked Senator Scott of West Virginia of a fellow member of the national comfellow member of the national committee today, and then continued by expressing his own opinion.

"For myself," he said, "I consider the time quite ripe, and I have wired our delegation to get an Elkins banner, string it to their car and come in with an Elkins shout. I think they will do this, and probably you will see the boom well floated when they get here tomorrow. And do you know, the convention could not do better than to take my colleague in the senate for this important place. I think he would make a strong candidate, and an excellent vice president."

Wm. Stryker Says Republicans Are Helping Jim Orr.

Lending Aid to Defeat Nomination of David Martin.

HE WILL BE NAMED.

Mr. Stryker Says Martin Can Not Be Beaten.

If Democrats Insist There Will Be a Split.

William Stryker, ex-state superintendent, who is conducting the Wabaunsee county institute, spent the day in Topeka visiting his political friends. Mr. Stryker is one of David Martin's warmest supporters and is confident that Mr. Martin will be the nominee of the fusionists for associate justice.

"I have not one word to say against Mr. Cannon or any other man who seeks Mr. Cannon or any other man who seeks
the nomination as a Democrat." said
Mr. Stryker, "but things are getting into such shape that whoever makes a
fight against Martin will have to face
the charge that he is the tool of the
railroads or at least the railroad candidate brought forward under a Democratic disguise.

"The Democratic railroad managers
can not organize against the Martin

ran not organize against the Martin forces successfully. The Popullsts and Democratic of Kansas are too shrewd to be captured by a railroad scheme planned by the Republican and Democratic railroad officials jointly. Mr. Our of Atchison who is making the fight against Martin is said to have the backing of the Republican railroad officials. ng of the Republican railroad officials and so the plans are made to overthrow

Martin.

"Martin will be the nominee for associate justice," continued Mr. Stryker.

"If the Democrats will not accept that then there will be a spilt. But, the time has not come in the fusion politics of the state when the Republicans aided and abetted by Democrats who really belong in the Republican party, can furnish the candidates for places on the supreme court."

hish the candidates for places on the supreme court."

Mr. Stryker says the Populists are for Judge Martin and that Jim Orc's statement, later shouldered by Mack Love, to the effect that the railroads will spend \$50,000 to defeat Martin will assure his nomination. "Such things as this establish a man's reputation," said Mr. Stryker. "The fact that the railroads are against Martin makes him at once a friend of the people."

REPUBLICANS WAITING.

Will Not Establish Headquarters Till They Hear From Chicago.

The removal of the Republican headpuarters to the new rooms either on Kansas avenue or on Seventh street, east, is being delayed until the estab-lishment of the branch of the national committee headquarters at Chicago.

This branch is in the hands of the national congressional committee, and has charge of the work of campaigning

has charge of the work of campaigning in the western states.

From the Chicago headquarters the assignment of speakers for Kansas will be made, and until that work is under way the state committee can make no definite plans as to the future.

It was the expectation that the national committee would begin haviness. lonal committee would begin husiness in Chicago today, but no announcement to that effect having been made it is

the supposition among the Kansas Re-publican managers that the opening will now be delayed until after the na-tional convention next week.

the speakers will be sent; the polling of precincts, and other detail work will begin in earnest.

The active speaking and "shelling the woods" will begin in September, and by that time the Kansas committee hopes to have all of the preliminary work completed so that the campaign

may be carried on unceasingly in every corner of the state until election day. It is practically assured that there will be no executive committee in connection with the Republican state com-mittee's work during this campaign, the whole committee instead holding It is asserted that the government of hina does not consider itself responsible for any encounter which may take been generally in the hands of an executive committee being disposed of by the general committee.

The native banks at Chin-Kiang by the general committee.

The committee will probably meet the whole committee instead and the whole commi

The committee will probably meet in Topeka Saturday evening, June 30, although the date has not been fixed by Chairman Albaugh. He said today: "The committee will probably meet July 10. The last meeting was May 28, and it is the plan to have the next meeting one month from that time, but some of the members of the committee east and will not return until after

July 1."
"What has been decided concerning the executive committee?"
"No decision has been made," replied
Mr. Albaugh. "The matter will be dis-Mr. Albauga. "The matter will be dis-posed of by the committee at its next regular meeting. However, it is my opinion, personally only, that there will be no executive committee this year. The members of the committee who have expressed themselves and also the candidates believe that the state com-mittee can do all the work, and that an executive committee is unneces-

LONG IN THE LEAD. Appears to Have the Backing of the Administration.

Philadelphia, June 16.-Speculation, gessip and informal conferences among national committeemen and other lead-ing Republicans who are here have failed to indicate a crystallization of ing Republicans who are here have failed to indicate a crystallization of sentiment around any individual for the vice presidential nomination. Neither Senator Hanna nor those who are close to him give any intimation that the administration has a choice. The number of delegates who will vote for any man that the administration favors seems to accentuate the general impression that the nominee will be the man most satisfactory to the president. "If you would take us into your confidence on this vice presidential matter it would simplify the situation greatly and give us an opportunity to do what the president would like." said a prominent Republican to Senator Hanna, and the reply he made was: "You know all that I know about it."

Senator Hanna's only observation on the situation was that until the delegations arrived and there was an opportunity for them to consult no conclusion could be reached.

Senator Figure and Odell of New

could be reached.

Senator Piati's talk of Odell of New York, caused a little finiter here, and Dolliver stock took an upward turn about the same time, the cause being the impression that in case Odell should be pressed by New York, there would be a concentration on the fowa con-

pressman by those who do not favor the

gressman by those who do not favor the New Yorker.

The candidacy of Lieutenant Governor Woodruff of New York is still being kept in evidence by his friends, but apparently without any backing from the Republican managers and with the distinct disapproval of Senator Hanna.

When questioned regarding the statement made by Senator Hanna to the effect that Mr. Woodruff was not a satisfactory candidate for the vice presidency, the latter gaid:

"Had I any intimation from the administration that my candidacy was not desirable I would not have allowed my friends to support me to the extent they have."

have."
Mr. Woodruff was asked if he would continue a candidate in the event of the New York delegation failing to support him, he replied: "There will be no such

him, he replied: "There will be no such event."

The position of Secretary Long causes considerable comment and it is being freely asked why the Long candidacy should proceed so far unless it has the tacit consent of the president. The fact that Long is a member of McKinley's cabinet gives rise to a widespread belief that the secretary will finally receive the support of the administration; if such is the case, however, it is being carefully kept from view.

Delegate Phyne of the Iowa delegation has arrived, he brought renewed assurances from Senator Allison that he could not and would not be a candidate for vice president. Mr. Payne stated that Mr. Allison told him that he not only would not be a candidate but that if nominated he would decline. "If they should place me in nomination," the senator is represented as having said,

only would not be a candidate but that if nominated he would decline. "If they should place me in nomination," the senator is represented as having said, "I will decline and I will find means of letting the delegates know my position before they leave the hall."

Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana, has been besieged by those who were anxious to know if he was a candidate for vice president. While he would not be interviewed, he did deny any aspirations for the office.

The position of Senator Fairbanks, however, is well known. He does not want the vice presidency. He likes a senatorial career and has every prospect of remaining in the senate as long as his party remains in power in Icdians. However, there are a number of Republican leaders who think it possible that a contingency may arise where it will be necessary to nominate Senator Fairbanks. In such an event it is believed by those who know the senator's party loyalty, that he would accept.

The fact that the name of Rortlett

The fact that the name of Bartlett The fact that the name of Bartlett Tripp will be presented to the convention for vice president is not allowed to be hidden by the energetic men of the Pacific coast who are in charge of his interests. Just now they consist of National Committeemen Ashton of Washington and Steele of Oregon. They will be reinforced when the delegations from Oregon and Washington arrive. Mr. Ashton had an interview with Senator Hanna and told him that the nomination of Tripp would mean the retention of a million and a half of votes known as gold standard Democrats. known as gold standard Democrats, who would appreciate the compliment paid to them by naming a former staunch Cleveland Democrat, although he has left that party and joined the Republicans on the money and expan-sion issues. Mr. Ashton stays that Judge Tripp will be backed by many other western states besides Oregon and

SUBURBAN HANDICAP.

Ethelbert the Big Favorite at Sheepshead Bay Race.

New York, June 16.-Not since the suburban was fifirst run at the track of the Coney Island Jockey club at Sheepshead Bay has there been such a fine field of horses engaged as will go to the post today for the classic event. All of the best horses in training are entered, and the contest bids fair to be a At that time, or at such time as these headquarters are established in Chicago, the Kansas committee headquarters will begin active work of planning for the campaign. The outlines of routes for speakers will be determined; the dates and places to which the speakers will be sent; the polling of precipets and other detail work will lime, 123. O'Conner.

Imp. 128, O'Conner.
Jean Beraud, 127, Turner.
Kinley Mac, 125, McCue.
John Bright, 119, Spencer.
Prince McClurg, 117, Winkfield.
Raffaello, 113, Jenkins.
Intrusive, 111, Saw.
Petruchio, 102, Rausch.
Survivor, 100, Mitchell.
Guden, 109, Odom.
Sarmatian, 99, Henry.
Herbert, 96, Black.
Down on the track early today these were scores of people out to watch exercising of the candidates, and when all had been sent over the fast track, the discussion over the chances of the lot Imp. 128, O'Conner

had been sent over the fast track, the discussion over the chances of the lot was long and earnest.

The great 4 year old Ethelbert, winner of many stakes as a 3 year old, of the Metropolitan handicap and the match with Jean Beraud as a 4 year old and up to the present time is the pronounced favorite. Few were willing to make bets that he could be beaten in the race today. This is surprising in view of the fact that Imp and Jean Beraud are against him. There is no doubt of his starting, for the track is dry and fast and the day is fair, all of which things Perry Belmont thinks are necessary to have him go to the post.

Perry Belmont thinks are necessary to have him go to the post.

Next to Ethelbert come Jean Beraud and Imp, the former the best 2 year old of his year and the latter one of the best. Unquestionably Jean Beraud is in better condition than when he raced with Ethelbert two weeks ago. Imp, who last season won the suburban in fast time and beat Ethelbert in the Brighton cup will stand a drive for the whole route of a long race, and never quit. If she is beaten it will have to he by a better horse. John Bright comes out of the west with a reputation which easterners are disposed to scout. Kinley Mac is not likely to have a wet track today as he did when he won the Brooklyn handicap; and his legs have not the

lyn handleap; and his legs have not the confidence of betters.

Rafaello is entitled to consideration in view of his good work in the handleap, while Petruchio with his Brooklyn derby behind him has some friends who think he has a good change to win

derby behind him has some friends who think he has a good chance to win with his light weight. The others will all have their friends, but they will be swamped in the wave of popularity which sweeps Ethelbert on.

One feature of today's race will never probably be repeated. It has always been the custom in the big race for the lightweights to go out and make the pace, but this time all three of the top weights do their best work in front and will try to break each other's hearts today from the fall of the flag. All of them can run the first half in better than 41 seconds, and imp and Ethelbert can keep on at about the same pace. Jean Beraud may do it, too, and one of the grandest finishes ever seen on a race track is likely to result.

Ice cream and cake at the Shawnee grocery at 2 cents a dish, made by Baughman Bros. Come and see us.

RUSTENBURG TAKEN.

Botha's Next Stand Will Be at Paardkop.

London, June 16.—4:15 P. M.—The war office has received the following measage from Lord Roberts:

"Pretoria, June 16.—Rustenburg was occupied yesterday by Baden-Powell. A column starts from this place tomorrow to meet Baden-Powell and repair the telegraph between Protoria and Hustenburg. "Hunter is moving from Potchefstrom

His advance brigade expects to reach Johannesburg June 19."
A dispatch from Laing's Nek dated today says Gen. Christian Botha's next stand will be at Paardkop but with a

stand will be at Paardkop but with a reduced force.

The German ambulance captured by Gen. Buller has been sent to Durban, whence it will be allowed to return to the Transvani via Deliagoa Bay.

5:10 P. M.—A rumor is rife in the city that Lord Roberts is negotiating with President Kruger and Gen. Botha, through their wives regarding terms of surrender.

REPUBLICS SEPARATED, London, June 16.—Lord Roberts cables as follows:

"Buller is at Standerton. Heidelberg will be occupied from this place shortly and then the Orange river colony will be completely cut off from the Trans-

be completely cut off from the Transvaal.

"Baden-Powell reports' that the district through which he passed is settling down satisfactorily. Over one thousand stands of arms were surrendered and Hans Eloff and Piet Kruger, son of the president, were to make submission to him yesterday, having been previously disarmed on their farms.

"Botha's army has retired and is believed to be at Middelburg. His rearguard was surprised and entirely routed by Ian Hamilton's mounted infantry."

The war office has received the following dispatch from General Buller:

"Laing's Nek, June 15—(Friday)—Now that Natal is clear of the enemy I wish to call attention to the disgraceful way in which private property was treated in the part of the colony they occupied. Their wilful and needless damage is visible everywhere. That this has been done with the consent of the leaders is proved by the fact that while in Charlestown every house was wrecked in Volksrust, two miles off, but in the Transvaal, every house was in-

NICK CHILES. ABROAD.

Experience of a Breezy Representative of a "Colored". Newspaper.

tive of a "Colored". Newspaper.

Philadelphia, Pa, June 16.—A breezy colored man floated into the corridor of the Walton and announced himself as the business manager of the Topeka Plain Dealer. From the lapel of his coat hung three orange ribbons, upon which were printed the advantages of Kansas—wheat, politics, and newspapers. The streamers were fastened to his coat with a two-inch button bearing McKinley's picture.

"Where's Hanna?" was his first query. No reply came from the wondering spectators.

"I represent the only 'colored' newspaper worth reading, and I'm here to do business with the committee." the advance agent continued, without noticing the silence.

Some one ventured that the committee with he found on the start.

Some one ventured that the commit-tee might be found on the tenth floor. "That's where I do business," said the hustler, as he grabbed a pile of papers

hustler, as he grabbed a pile of papers from a pickaninny, who was almost hidden by a bunch of streamers, and made for the elevator.

Carter, the committeemen's door-keeper, did not take kindly to the advance of the Kansan, and his papers were not distributed. Leaving a lot of cards bearing the name of "Nick Chiles," the African went down town again to hunt up the Kansas delegation,

TODAY'S MARKET REPORT.

Chicago, June 16.—WHEAT—The wheat market today was broad, excited and strong. The first that there was scarcely and train in Mint that there was scarcely and train in Mint and the was broad, excited and strong. The first higher and crops from closed a quarter higher and crops from closed a west very unfavorable. France, it was reported would have to import 20,000,000 bushels of wheat. Illinois claimed damarkets from heavy rains yesterday. Heavy outside interest in the market was apparent. July opened le to \$6.0 over yesterday at from 5c to 74%c. Most of the trading was at 5c, the highest prices since last October. Heavy realizing sales crushed July back to 74%c. When the pressure from longs ceased, the demand still being very heavy. Local receipts were 72 cars, one of contract grade. Minneapolis and Dulit threported \$1 cars against \$10 last week and \$6 in a year ago. The demand continued unabated to the end and July later advanced to 75%c. On profit-taking the markets reacted some, but closed strong, \$100 per possible of \$200 per year than yearerday at 35%c. And firm. July opened \$6 ingert at 20%c. \$200 per possible of \$200 p Chicago, June 16.-WHEAT-The wheat

RYE-5546%c. TIMOTHY-September, \$2.75. Chicago Livestock Market. Chicago Livestock Market.
Chicago, June 16.—CATTLE—Receipts.
200; nominally steady. Good to prime steers, 85.1945.75; poor to medium, 94.50, 100; stockers and feeders, 35.5655.00; comers, 12.35, 22.60; bulls, 33.004.50; calves, 85.007.30; fexas fed steers, 34.5565.55; Texas grass-rex, 35.574.40; Texas bulls, 35.1562.65; HOGS—Receipts today, 12.00; Monday, 35.00; left over, 3,433. Mostly 29; to 5 cents higher, closing easy. Mixed and butchers 94.5762.20; good to choice heavy, 85.5675, 1236; bulk of sales, 5.10; SHEEP—Receipts, 2,000; stendy, Good to choice wethers, 34.5565.20; rough heavy, 35.5665.20; rearlings, 85.5065.20; native, lambs, 5.0076.50; western lambs, 55.0076.50; western lamb

ergary: Cattle-Receipts, 2.53; shipments, 2.53; Hegs-Receipts, 19.515; shipments, 3.640. Sheep-Receipts, 5.555; shipments, 871.

Kansas City Livestock Market. Kansas City Livestock Market.

Kansas City, Mo. June 16.—CATTLE—Receipts, 100. Market unchanged. Native steers, \$1.265.50; Texas steers, \$1.265.25; Texas cows. \$1.265.25; native cows and heliers, \$2.365.55; stockers and feeders, \$1.2664.35; bulls, \$1.0654.75.

HOGS—Receipts, 5.00. Market steady to strong. Bulk of sales, \$4.8564.85; mixed, \$4.8064.95; light, \$4.8564.87½; yarkers, \$1.8564.87½; pigs. \$4.5564.87½; SHEEP—No market.

Kansas City Produce Market. Kansas City, Mo., June 15.—WHEAT—July, 65%-14c; September, 68%c, Cash; No. 2 hard, 65%-14c; No. 3, 646-654c; No. 2 red, 65%-10c; No. 3, 666-65c, CORN—July, 25%-c; September, 26%c, Cash; No. 2 mixed, 27%-67%c; No. 2 white, 34%-14c; No. 3, 38c.
OATS—No. 2 white, 24%-675%-c, RYE—No. 2, 53c.

HAY—Choice timothy \$10.00510.50; choice traine, \$5.5067.00.
BUTTER—Creamery, 156617%: dairy,

ancy, 14c. BGGS-Fresh, 84c. Market Gossin

Chicago: Wheat, 12; corn, 681; oats, 254.
A few showers in South Dakota and some in North Dakota.
Estimated hogs for Chicago Monday, 24,000 head.
Liverpool: Wheat, 1½d higher; corn, ¾d Liverpool: Wheat, 1%d higher; corn, %d higher.
Northwest receipts of wheat last year; Duluth, 233 cars; Minneapolis, 354 cars. Omaha: Hors, 6,500; cattle, 25.
Puts on Chicago July wheat, good Monday, 75%c; calls, 77%c; puts on July corn, 35%c; calls, 40%c.
Kannas City receipts: Wheat, 94 cars, last year 76; corn, 54 cars, last year 42; oats, 7 cars, last year 2.
Bank ststement: Reserve, increase 355,765; loans, increase 32,300; epecia, decrease 31,35,000; legals, increase 595,700; deposits, increase \$2,004,500; circulation, increase \$1,350.
Estimated cars for Monday at Chicago: Wheat, 8; corn, 740; oats, 300.
Duluth gets 91 cars wheat today.

Topeks Markets Today.

Topeka Markets Today. Topeka Markets Today.

Topeka, June 14.

CATTLE.

COWS—25.5031.5.

DRY LOT STEERS—31.003150.

DRY LOT HEIFERS—41.003150.

LIGHT—34.55316.

MEDIUM AND HEAVY—31.553176.

MEDIUM AND HEAVY—31.553176.

NO. 2 WHEAT—6004c.

NO. 2 CORN—34c.

NO. 2 CORN—34c.

NO. 2 CORN—34c.

PRODUCE.

EGGS-9 cents. CHICKENS-525% cents. BUTTER-13c.

Topeka Hide Market

Topeka, June 16.
Based on Chicago and Boston quotadons. The following are net prices paid
n Topeka this week:
GREEN SALT CURED 6%c.
NO. 1 TALLOW 34c.
GREEN—SALT HALF CURED—P4c.

New York Money Market.

New York, June 16.—MONEY—Money on call casy at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 34:644, per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers bills, at \$4.876,624 for demand and at \$48:74, for sixty days; posted rates \$4.854, and \$4.834; commercial bills, \$4.8464, and \$4.834; commercial bills, \$4.846, and \$4.834; compon. \$6.446, \$4.846, \$ New York Money Market.

Cotton Market Galveston, Texas, June 16.—COTTON—Quiet, 5%c. June 16.—COTTON—Spot cotton closed dull; middlings, 9 10-10c; guif, 1-16c. Sales, 30 baies.

Butter Market. New York, June 16.—BUTTER—Firm, Creamery extras, 154@18c; factory, 149 154c.

Sugar Market. New York, June 16.—SUGAR—Raw trong; refined firm. COFFEE—Weak; No. 7 Rio, 8%c. Grain Letter.

WHEAT—Liverpool cables were stronger than anticipated today and continued dry weather in the northwest, causing severe damage beyond all question. The most rabid bear has now given it up and bear traders who went to see the crop, or sent good men, have admitted that it is a fact that apring wheat is in very bad shape and there will be a calamity unless rains comes in the next three or four days.

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Cash markets are improving and the foreigners who are always slow to believe crop damage reports are awakening to the realization that with dark political clouds gathering in the Orient, involving two of the greatest wheat producing countries in the world and short wheat crop for America, beyond question wheat will be worth more money than for years.

We believe the market is virtually on rock bottom and that purchases on breaks will result in enormous profits, if protected with reasonable margins and a little patience. CORN—Corn advanced a half a cent a bushel in sympathy with wheat. The cash markets were not strong and receipts

New York, June 16.

Op'n High Low Cl'se Yea. Sugar
People's Gas
Am. Tobacco
A. S. & W.
B. R. T.
Pederal Steel
C. B. & Q.
C. R. L. & P.
Atchison com.
Atchison pfd
Marhattan
Western Union
U. Pac. pfd
U. Pac. com
Atchison adj
N. Y. Central
So. Pac. pfd
C. C. C. C. & O. C. & I.
Pac. pfd ...
Pac. com...
& N.
& G. W. ...

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